



Long-Term Hedge for Long-Term Investing

Unpredictable markets can make growing wealth and avoiding losses difficult.

Incorporating an investment approach that utilizes put option LEAPS as a long-term hedge, like our Defined Risk Strategy and other Swan hedged equity strategies, may provide the long-term defense investors need to reach their goals.

What are LEAPS?

Long-term Equity Anticipation Securities, also known as LEAPS, are options with expiration dates longer than 12 months. Put option LEAPS offer risk mitigation for a longer time horizon without capping potential upside.

Benefits of Long-Term Hedging for Long-Term Investors



Defense

Direct way to mitigate market risk, which by definition is undiversifiable.



Keep Calm

Helps investors reduce volatility and mitigate big losses and emotional reactions.



Reliable Hedge

A put option is inversely correlated to the underlying equity, gaining value when the equity loses value.



Acquire More Equity

During a market selloff, a put option LEAPS rises in value, so it can be sold at a profit to buy more equity at a market low.

Long-Term Defense with Long-Term LEAPS

Shorter-term methods to hedge a portfolio may leave investors unhedged when they need it most.

A long-term put option, with a one-to-two year expiration, may offer investors portfolio defense by mitigating risk before, during, and after a bear market.

Hedging with a LEAPS may allow investors to remain always invested and always hedged.

On average, bear markets:

• last **10** months

• require **3.5** to recover

Source: Bank of America Merrill Lynch, Global Research, Bloomberg. Returns based on S&P 500.

A HEDGE IS NOT INSURANCE, MAY LOSE VALUE

Why the Long Hedge?

For long-term investors there are distinct benefits to using a strategy or a fund with a long-term hedge instead of a short-term hedge.

Long-Term Hedging

- Duration may be longer than bear markets, keeping investors always hedged
- Not under duress to re hedge during crisis
- Opportunity to acquire more equity during major market sell-offs
- Less frequent adjustments, less market timing risk

Short-Term Hedging

- May expire during a bear market leaving investors unhedged
- Possibly cost prohibitive during crisis
- Generally unable to monetize the hedge to buy more equity when market sells off
- Shorter adjustment periods means more timing risk

The Defined Risk Strategy

The Defined Risk Strategy is a time-tested hedged equity approach that is always hedged with one-to-two year put option LEAPS. We believe this is one of the best ways to manage risk against unpredictable, life-altering losses.

Losing less money and acquiring more equity during market crises may better position investors when the market rebounds. This may reduce recovery time and increase long-term return potential.

→ Read more about the strategy at swanglobalinvestments.com

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